Statistics 1 Probability Questions

- 2 Xavier, Yuri and Zara attend a sports centre for their judo club's practice sessions. The probabilities of them arriving late are, independently, 0.3, 0.4 and 0.2 respectively.
 - (a) Calculate the probability that for a particular practice session:

(i) all three arrive late;

(1 mark)

(ii) none of the three arrives late;

(2 marks)

(iii) only Zara arrives late.

(2 marks)

(b) Zara's friend, Wei, also attends the club's practice sessions. The probability that Wei arrives late is 0.9 when Zara arrives late, and is 0.25 when Zara does not arrive late.

Calculate the probability that for a particular practice session:

(i) both Zara and Wei arrive late;

(2 marks)

(ii) either Zara or Wei, but not both, arrives late.

(3 marks)

6 A housing estate consists of 320 houses: 120 detached and 200 semi-detached. The numbers of children living in these houses are shown in the table.

		Number of children				
	None	One	Two	At least three	Total	
Detached house	24	32	41	23	120	
Semi-detached house	40	37	88	35	200	
Total	64	69	129	58	320	

A house on the estate is selected at random.

D denotes the event 'the house is detached'.

R denotes the event 'no children live in the house'.

S denotes the event 'one child lives in the house'.

T denotes the event 'two children live in the house'.

(D' denotes the event 'not D'.)

(a)	Find		
	(i)	P(D);	(1 mark)
	(ii)	$P(D \cap R);$	(1 mark)
	(iii)	$P(D \cup T);$	(2 marks)
	(iv)	$P(D \mid R);$	(2 marks)
	(v)	$P(R \mid D')$.	(3 marks)
(b)	(i)	Name two of the events D , R , S and T that are mutually exclusive.	(1 mark)
	(ii)	Determine whether the events D and R are independent. Justify your a	nswer. (2 marks)
(c)	Defin	ne, in the context of this question, the event:	
	(i)	$D' \cup T$;	(2 marks)
	(ii)	$D \cap (R \cup S)$.	(2 marks)
	Sunday	, Eli and Fabio are members of an amateur cycling club that holds a time to during the summer. The independent probabilities that Dafydd, Eli and Fa any one of these trials are 0.6, 0.7 and 0.8 respectively.	
]	Find th	e probability that, on a particular Sunday during the summer:	
	(a) n	one of the three cyclists takes part;	(2 marks)
	(b) F	abio is the only one of the three cyclists to take part;	(2 marks)
	(c) e	xactly one of the three cyclists takes part;	(3 marks)

(3 marks)

(d) either one or two of the three cyclists take part.

2 The British and Irish Lions 2005 rugby squad contained 50 players. The nationalities and playing positions of these players are shown in the table.

		Nationality				
		English	Welsh	Scottish	Irish	
Playing	Forward	14	5	2	6	
position	Back	8	7	2	6	

(a) A player was selected at random from the squad for a radio interview. Calculate the probability that the player was:

(i) a Welsh back;	(1 mari	k,
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(b) Four players were selected at random from the squad to visit a school. Calculate the probability that all four players were English. (3 marks)

Statistics 1 Probability Answers

2(a)	P(X) = 0.3 $P(Y) = 0.4$ $P(Z) = 0.2$			
(i)	$P(X \cap Y \cap Z) = 0.3 \times 0.4 \times 0.2 = 0.024$	M1	1	
(ii)	$P(X' \cap Y' \cap Z') = 0.7 \times 0.6 \times 0.8$ = 0.336	M1 A1	2	At least 2 correct terms CAO
(iii)	$P(X' \cap Y' \cap Z) = 0.7 \times 0.6 \times 0.2$	M1		Correct numerical expression
	= 0.084	A1		CAO
(b)	$P(W \mid Z) = 0.9$ $P(W \mid Z') = 0.25$			
(i)	$P(Z \cap W) = 0.2 \times 0.9$ = 0.18	M1 A1	2	Correct numerical expression CAO
(ii)	$\begin{aligned} &P((Z \cap W') \cup (Z' \cap W)) \\ & \textbf{or} \\ &1 - [P((Z \cap W) \cup (Z' \cap W'))] \end{aligned}$			
	$= 0.2 \times (1 - 0.9)$	M1		0.2×0.9 or $(b)(i)$
	$(1-0.2) \times 0.25$	M1		$(1-0.2) \times (1-0.25)$
				Cannot score an M1 in both methods
	= 0.02 + 0.20 = 0.22	A1	3	1 – (0.18 + 0.60) CAO
	Total		11	

6	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			
	SD(D) 24 32 41 23 120 SD(D') 40 37 88 35 200			
	T 64 69 129 58 320			
(a)(i)	$P(D) = \frac{120}{320}$ or $\frac{3}{8}$ or 0.375	В1	1	CAO; or equivalent
(ii)	$P(D \cap R) = \frac{24}{320}$ or $\frac{3}{40}$ or 0.075	B1	1	CSO; or equivalent
(iii)	$P(D \cup T) = \frac{120 + 88}{320} = \frac{129 + 24 + 32 + 23}{320}$	M1		
	$= \frac{208}{320} \text{ or } \frac{13}{20} \text{ or } 0.65$	A1	2	CAO; or equivalent
(iv)	$P(D \mid R) = \frac{P(D \cap R)}{P(R)} = \frac{\text{(ii)}}{P(R)} = \frac{\frac{24}{320}}{\frac{64}{320}}$	M1		M0 if independence assumed
	$=\frac{24}{64}$ or $\frac{3}{8}$ or 0.375	A1	2	CAO; or equivalent
	P(P - P() 40/(220)			
(v)	$P(R \mid D') = \frac{P(R \cap D')}{P(D')} = \frac{\frac{40}{(320)}}{\frac{200}{(320)}}$	M1		numerator allow independence assumed
	40 1	M1		denominator
	$=\frac{40}{200}$ or $\frac{1}{5}$ or 0.2	A1	3	CAO; or equivalent
(b)(i)	R and S or R and T or S and T	B1	1	not D and D'
(ii)	$P(D) = 0.375 = P(D \mid R)$ or $(i) = (iv)$	M1		$P(D) \times P(R) = 0.375 \times 0.2$ = 0.075 = $P(D \cap R)$ or (ii)
	so YES	A1	2	or $P(R \mid D) = P(R) = 0.2$, etc
(c)(i)	A semi-detached house	B1		CAO
(-)(-)	or two children (or both)	B1	2	or equivalent
(ii)	A detached house and/with	B1		CAO
	less than two children	B1	2	(0 or 1 must not include 'both')
	Total		16	

5(a)	$P(D' \cap E' \cap F') = 0.4 \times 0.3 \times 0.2$	M1		At least 1 probability correct
	= 0.024	A1	2	CAO; OE
(b)	$P(D' \cap E' \cap F) = 0.4 \times 0.3 \times 0.8$	M1		At least 2 probabilities correct
	= 0.096	A1	2	CAO; OE
(c)	$P(One) = (b) + P(D \cap E' \cap F') + P(D' \cap E \cap F')$ =(b) + (0.6 × 0.3 × 0.2) + (0.4 × 0.7 × 0.2)	M1 M1		Use of 3 possibilities; ignore multipliers At least 1 new term correct
	= 0.096 + 0.036 + 0.056 = 0.188	A1	3	CAO; OE
(d)	P(One or two) = (c) + (3 terms each of 3 probabilities) or = 1 - (a) - (1 term of 3 probabilities)	M1		(c) + P(Two) Used; OE; ignore multipliers 1 - (a) - P(Three)
	$= 0.188 + (0.6 \times 0.7 \times 0.2) + (0.6 \times 0.3 \times 0.8) + (0.4 \times 0.7 \times 0.8)$ $= 0.188 + 0.084 + 0.144 + 0.224$ or $= 1 - 0.024 - (0.6 \times 0.7 \times 0.8)$ $= 1 - 0.024 - 0.336$	M1		At least 1 new term correct
	= 0.64	A1	3	CAO; OE
	Total		10	

2	Ratios: Penalise first occurrence only of a correct answer			
(a)(i)	$P(Welsh back) = \frac{7}{50} \text{ or } 0.14$	B1	1	CAO; OE
(ii)	$P(English) = \frac{14+8}{50} =$	В1		Correct expression; PI
	$P(English) = \frac{14+8}{50} = \frac{22}{50} \text{ or } \frac{11}{25} \text{ or } 0.44$	В1	2	CAO; OE
(iii)	P(not English) = 1 - (ii) =			
	$\frac{28}{50}$ or $\frac{14}{25}$ or 0.56	B1√	1	\nearrow on (ii) if used; 0
(iv)	$P(Irish \mid back) = \frac{P(Irish \cap back)}{P(back)} = \frac{6}{\sum (back)} =$	M1		Used; may be implied by values or answer
	$\frac{6}{23}$ or 0.26 to 0.261	A1	2	$CAO/AWFW (6/50 \Rightarrow 0)$

(v)	P(forward not Scottish) =			
	$\frac{P(\text{forward} \cap \text{not Scottish})}{P(\text{not Scottish})} = \frac{14+5+6}{50-4} = \frac{27-2}{50-4} =$	M1		Used; OE May be implied by values or answer
	$\frac{25}{46}$ or 0.54 to 0.544	A1	2	$CAO/AWFW (25/50 \Rightarrow 0)$
(b)	$P(4 \times English) =$			
	$\left(\frac{22}{50}\right) \times \left(\frac{21}{49}\right) \times \left(\frac{20}{48}\right) \times \left(\frac{19}{47}\right) =$	M1 M1		Reducing non-tabulated value 4 times Reducing 50 and multiplying 4 terms (ignore multipliers)
	$\frac{175560}{5527200}$ or $\frac{209}{6580}$			
	or 0.0317 to 0.032	A1	3	CAO/AWFW
	Total		11	